# Working With TFTP

#### **Basics of TFTP**

Simple UDP based file transfer protocol

Wikipedia:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Trivial\_File\_Transfer\_Protocol

RFC 1350

(all of this means it's quick and dirty...)

### Enabling TFTP in FreeBSD

Most modern UNIX based systems have a built-in tftp server. In the case of FreeBSD which we are using in the class the easiest way to activate the inbuilt tftp server is to enable and run (re)start the service called inetd (which in turn controls the tftp service)

First: make sure inetd is set to start so:

# vi /etc/rc.conf

Add the line (if it doesn't exist) that says:

# inetd\_enable="YES"

This will make sure that the service restarts if your server is rebooted.

## Enabling TFTP in FreeBSD

Find, and uncomment the appropriate line in /etc/inetd.conf
# vi /etc/inetd.conf

In FreeBSD you will find two lines; one starting with UDP and the next with UDP6. That simply means that you can choose to have the service listening on just IPv4 or IPv6. **Please** uncomment both!

```
(re)Start inetd, enabling the TFTP daemon
# /etc/rc.d/inetd start

Check that TFTP is actually running.
# netstat -an | grep "*.69"
```

#### Enabling TFTP in FreeBSD

Create a directory for tftp to operate with
# mkdir /tftpboot

If you're going to write to a config file, the file needs to exist, and you need to have write permission to it; 'touch' will create the file for you

# touch /tftpboot/sie-config

Now, you need to allow world-write permission to the file you've created above:

# chmod 666 /tftpboot/sie-config

BE AWARE THAT THIS IS DANGEROUS!

# Directory Structure

TFTPd will use the base directory that you specified in inetd.conf to store your files. In most cases that is /tftpboot/. If you are in doubt, check the inetd.conf file that you edited earlier.

When you reference this by reading/writing to tftp, you do not need to specify the base directory (on the tftp client) when asked for the destination.

### Using TFTP to manage your router

```
router# copy start tftp
router# copy tftp start
router# copy flash tftp
router# copy tftp flash
router# copy run tftp
```

### Using TFTP to manage your router

router# copy start tftp

Copies your startup configuration to the tftp server. This is typically what you will use to backup your (router) saved configuration to an external tftp server.

router# copy tftp start

Copies your configuration from a tftp server, to your router's startup configuration. Useful for restoring configuration from an external backup.

### Using TFTP to manage your router

When would you use the following:

```
router# copy flash tftp
router# copy tftp flash
router# copy run tftp
```

# Things to remember

#### Keep your server secure!

Your TFTP server will typically have stored router configs and IOS images.

Therefore it's important that you restrict access to your server.

Setup integrity checking (even simple md5)

For large file transfers, consider using SCP/RCP for more reliable transport.