RANCID / WebSVN

AfNOG 12, Dar Es Salaam, Tanzania





Agenda

- What is RANCID?
- What can I do with RANCID?
- How does it work
- Setting up RANCID
- A few more considerations

What is RANCID?

- Really Awesome New Cisco Conflg Differ
 - Not only for Cisco now though
- Monitors a set of routers/devices configuration and hardware status and keeps track of changes
- Keeps configurations in a versioning system (CVS or subversion)
- Can notify by email on configuration changes

What can I do with RANCID?

- Backup configurations of your network devices (in case of emergency) and keep inventory
- Keep track of changes (when did we put in this line/this linecard)
- Be informed when someone with access does changes to the ACLs or something similar
- Help with network monitoring
 - Not everything can be checked via SNMP
 - Great ideas in NANOG 2005 techtalk

How does it work?

- RANCID is run (manually or automated)
- Lookup list of groups (of devices). For each group
 - Connect to the router (SSH or Telnet)
 - Run show commands (configuration/inventory)
 - Collect/filter/format data (remove passwords etc)
 - Retrieve resulting files, check in changes to CVS/SVN
 - Create a diff between current and last configuration
 - e-mail configuration diff to interested parties

Setting up RANCID

- Author speaks of an "easy 12-step install process"
- The first two are taken care off with current Ubuntu and apt-get (sudo apt-get install rancid-core rancid-util build-essential expect)
- We'll go through the rest, but a few concepts:
 - You have groups of devices in rancid.conf
 - Every group has a routers.db file which lists status
 - Login to devices through a tool called clogin (or jlogin/flogin etc.), has it's own configuration
 - If you want the email functionality, it uses your MTA (like sendmail/exim) so configure that correctly
 - Run it every hour or so by using a cronjob

A few more considerations

Security

- RANCID needs permissions to run "show running-configuration" on Cisco that means a user with privilege 15
- Make sure to secure your box (password is in cleartext), and ACL the router, or restrict RANCID user to show commands with TACACS
- clogin/jlogin
 - These tools to login to routers might be useful for yourself if you do it often
 - Same security questions apply
- Seriously, you can do so much more with the data collected
 - Check Stephen Stuart's NANOG 2005 techtalk for a few ideas
 - For example, you can automate checking your configs
 - Or produce graphs of your network based on IPs
 - Or generate nice DNS entries for your routers

References

- RANCID homepage http://www.shrubbery.net/rancid/
- NANOG 26, Stephen Stuart's Presentation http://goo.gl/E580
- Subversion (SVN) Home Page http://subversion.apache.org/
- NANOG 29 Rancid presentation <u>http://www.shrubbery.net/rancid/NANOG29/</u>
- HOWTOs:
 - http://www.linuxhomenetworking.com/wiki/index.php/
 Quick HOWTO: Ch1: Network Backups With Rancid
 - http://gentoo-wiki.com/HOWTO Rancid
 - o http://homepage.mac.com/duling/halfdozen/RANCID-Howto.html
- Exercises for this session