```
Nagios installation worksheet
Afnog 2011 sse
Install the nagios package
pkg add -r nagios nagios plugins
or failing that do the install using the ports collection from
/usr/ports/net-mgmt/nagios
and
/usr/ports/net-mgmt/nagios plugins
you will be prompted to create new a new group and user account
pw: unknown group `nagios'
You need a "nagios" group.
Would you like me to create it [YES]? yes
Done.
pw: no such user `nagios'
.
You need a "nagios" user.
Would you like me to create it [YES]? Yes
The following instructions will helpfully be relayed (by the installer) when installation is complete.
     Enable Nagios in /etc/rc.conf with the following line:
     nagios enable="YES"
     Configuration templates are available in /usr/local/etc/nagios
     *.cfg-sample files. Copy them to *.cfg files where required and
     edit to suit your needs. Documentation is available in HTML form
     in /usr/local/www/nagios/docs.
     If you don't already have a web server running, you will need to
     install and configure one to finish off your Nagios
     installation.
     When used with Apache, the following should be sufficient to
     publish
     the web component of Nagios (modify the allow list to suit):
     <Directory /usr/local/www/nagios>
     Order deny, allow
     Deny from all
```

Allow from 127.0.0.1 php flag engine on

php admin value open basedir

/usr/local/www/nagios/:/var/spool/nagios/

```
</Directory>
<Directory /usr/local/www/nagios/cgi-bin>
Options ExecCGI
</Directory>
ScriptAlias /nagios/cgi-bin/ /usr/local/www/nagios/cgi-bin/
Alias /nagios/ /usr/local/www/nagios/
```

so to deploy an appropriate variation of those instructions we need to do the following.

we need to enable nagios in the /etc/rc.conf, edit that file.

Add the line:

```
nagios enable="YES"
```

We need to add local configuration to apache to point at the nagios instance.

```
cd /usr/local/etc/apache22/Includes/
```

Create the new nagios specific configuration for apache.

```
vi nagios.conf
```

Add:

```
<Directory /usr/local/www/nagios>
Order deny,allow
Deny from all
Allow from 127.0.0.1
Allow from 196.200.216.0/23
php_flag engine on
php_admin_value open_basedir
/usr/local/www/nagios/:/var/spool/nagios/
</Directory>
<Directory /usr/local/www/nagios/cgi-bin>
Options ExecCGI
</Directory>
ScriptAlias /nagios/cgi-bin/ /usr/local/www/nagios/cgi-bin/
Alias /nagios/ /usr/local/www/nagios/
```

Then start apache:

```
/usr/local/etc/rc.d/apache22 start
```

rename the sample configuration files in the nagios configuration directory remove sample from the name you can do this manually or using some shell scripting magic like:

```
cd /usr/local/etc/nagios
for i in *-sample; do
    cp $i `basename $i -sample`
done
do that also in the objects sub-directory
edit the contacts config file and add the following user
define contact {
contact_name admin
alias Nagios Admin
service notification commands notify-service-by-email
host notification commands notify-host-by-email
we need to edit the cgi.conf in /usr/local/etc/nagios/
Edit `cgi.cfg` and uncomment the following line:
#default user name=guest
Change the following lines, adding the word ",guest" at the end of each:
authorized for system information=nagiosadmin, guest
authorized for configuration information=nagiosadmin, guest
authorized_for_all_services=nagiosadmin,guest
authorized for all hosts=nagiosadmin, guest
edit the nagios.cfg
uncomment the line
#cfg dir=/usr/local/etc/nagios/servers
save the file
create the servers directory
create a configuration file for the measurement of your server
pcXX.cfg
lets measure two services and the availability of the machine.
define host {
host name 196.200.219.1
alias 196.200.219.1
address 196.200.219.1
contacts admin
max check attempts 10
use generic-host
check command check-host-alive
}
define service {
use generic-service
host name 196.200.219.1
service description PING
check command check ping!100.0,20%!500.0,60%
```

```
check_interval 1
contacts admin
}
define service {
use generic-service
host_name 196.200.219.1
service_description ssh
check_command check_ssh
}
```

save the file.

Now start the nagios service.

/usr/local/etc/rc.d/nagios start